Case 2:14-cv-04586-NIQAL DOGUTER SHEED 08/04/14 Page 1 of 30

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS KINEE, SHERRIANNE (b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Philadelphia (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES) (c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) LAW OFFICES OF PATRICK G. GECKLE, LLC, 1500 J.F.K. Blvd.,			DEFENDANTS PHILADELPHIA POLICE OFFICER THOMAS LICIARDELLO						
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☐ 2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity	Citize	n of Another State		corporated and Pri		5	O 5	
Detengant	(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		•		of Business In Another State 3 Foreign Nation G 6			D 6	
IV. NATURE OF SUI			eign Country				<u>.</u>		
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VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:			MAND \$ 500,000		CK YES only if DEMAND:	demanded in	complain	ıt:	
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY	E(S) (See instructions): JUDGE			DOCKET N	UMBER				
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Case 2:14-cv-04586-NICA Document 1 Filed 08/04/14 Page 2 of 30

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA --- DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar. Address of Plaintiff: 2321 North Hancock Street, Philadelphia, PA 19133 Address of Defendant: Claims Unit, One Parkway Bldg., 1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction Jasper and Arlene Streets, Philadelphia, PA (Use Reverse Side For Additional Space) Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock? Yes□ No 🔼 (Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a)) No 🛛 YesDoes this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities? RELATED CASE, IF ANY: Date Terminated: _ Case Number: Judge Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions: 1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? Yes No DX 2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit pending or within one year previously terminated Yes□ No□X action in this court? 3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? Yes No X 4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights case filed by the same individual? Yes No Z CIVIL: (Place / in ONE CATEGORY ONLY) A. Federal Ouestion Cases: B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases: 1. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts 1. Insurance Contract and Other Contracts 2. TFELA 2. Airplane Personal Injury Assault, Defamation 4. Antitrust 5. D Patent Motor Vehicle Personal Injury 6. Labor-Management Relations 6. Other Personal Injury (Please specify) 7. 🗷 Civil Rights 7. Products Liability 8. Habeas Corpus 8. Products Liability — Asbestos 9. All other Diversity Cases 10.

Social Security Review Cases (Please specify) 11. All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (Check appropriate Category) Patrick G. Geckle, Esquire , counsel of record do hereby certify: Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs; Relief other than monetary damages is sought. Attorney-at-Law Attorney I.D.# NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38. I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court except as noted above

Attorney 1.D,#

Case 2:14-cv-04586-NIOA Document 1 Filed 08/04/14 Page 3 of 30

FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA — DESIGNATION FORM to be used by counsel to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to appropriate calendar. Address of Plaintiff: 2321 North Hancock Street, Philadelphia, PA 19133 Address of Defendant: Claims Unit, One Parkway Bldg., 1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction Jasper and Arlene Streets, Philadelphia, PA (Use Reverse Side For Additional Space) Does this civil action involve a nongovernmental corporate party with any parent corporation and any publicly held corporation owning 10% or more of its stock? No Yes(Attach two copies of the Disclosure Statement Form in accordance with Fed.R.Civ.P. 7.1(a)) No 🛛 Yes□ Does this case involve multidistrict litigation possibilities? RELATED CASE, IF ANY: Judge Case Number: Date Terminated: ____ Civil cases are deemed related when yes is answered to any of the following questions: 1. Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? Yes□ No□X 2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the same transaction as a prior suit pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? Yes No X 3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent already in suit or any earlier numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court? Yes No X 4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appeal, or pro se civil rights case filed by the same individual? Yes□ No 🛛 CIVIL: (Place / in ONE CATEGORY ONLY) A. Federal Ouestion Cases: B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases: 1. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts 1.

Insurance Contract and Other Contracts 2. D FELA Airplane Personal Injury 3. Assault, Defamation 4. Antitrust 4. Marine Personal Injury 5. Patent 5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury ☐ Labor-Management Relations 6. Other Personal Injury (Please specify) Civil Rights 7. Products Liability Habeas Corpus 8. Products Liability - Asbestos 9. All other Diversity Cases 10. D Social Security Review Cases (Please specify) 11. All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify) ARBITRATION CERTIFICATION (Check appropriate Category) Patrick G. Geckle, Esquire , counsel of record do hereby certify: Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 53.2, Section 3(c)(2), that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the damages recoverable in this civil action case exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs; Relief other than monetary damages is sough Attorney-at-Law Attorney I.D.# NOTE: A trial de novo will be a trial by jury only if there has been compliance with F.R.C.P. 38. I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case is not related to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in this court

APPENDIX I

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

CASE MANAGEMENT TRACK DESIGNATION FORM

Telephone	FAX Number		E-Mail Address	
215-735-3326	215-567-1998		pgeckle@pgglaw.com	
Date	Attorney-at-law		Attorney for Plaintiff	
8/4/2014	<u> Patrick G. Geckl</u>	e	Sherrianne Kinee	
(f) Standard Managem	ent – Cases that do not fa	ıll into any	one of the other tracks.	(X)
commonly referred	erse side of this form for	eed special	or intense management by	()
exposure to asbesto	os.		or property damage from	()
(c) Arbitration – Cases	required to be designate	d for arbitr	ation under Local Civil Rule 53.2	. ()
` '	Cases requesting review of es denying plaintiff Social		n of the Secretary of Health Benefits	()
(a) Habeas Corpus – (Cases brought under 28 U	J.S.C. §224	1 through §2255.	()
SELECT ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING CAS	E MANAC	SEMENT TRACKS:	
plaintiff shall complete filing the complaint and side of this form.) In designation, that defen the plaintiff and all oth	e a case Management Trad serve a copy on all defendant the event that a defendant shall, with its first a	ack Designandants. (Seant does not ppearance, ement track	Reduction Plan of this court, countion Form in all civil cases at the e § 1:03 of the plan set forth on the ot agree with the plaintiff regardical submit to the clerk of court and set designation form specifying the	time of reverse ng said erve on
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SHERRIANNE KINE	E	: CI	VIL ACTION	

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

SHERRIANNE KINEE 2321 North Hancock Street Philadelphia, PA 19133 vs. : Civil Action No. POLICE OFFICER THOMAS LICIARDELLO BADGE NUMBER 4383 Individually and as a police officer for the City of Philadelphia c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department : Claims Unit, One Parkway Building : 1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor : JURY TRIAL DEMANDED Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 and POLICE OFFICER JOHN SPEISER BADGE NUMBER 7169 Individually and as a police officer for the City of Philadelphia c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department : Claims Unit, One Parkway Building 1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 and POLICE OFFICER PERRY BETTS BADGE NUMBER 6761 Individually and as a police officer for the City of Philadelphia c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department : Claims Unit, One Parkway Building 1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 and POLICE OFFICER MICHAEL SPICER BADGE NUMBER 5180 Individually and as a police officer for the City of Philadelphia c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department : Claims Unit, One Parkway Building 1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 and POLICE OFFICER SERGEANT GORMAN BADGE NUMBER 8821 Individually and as a police officer for the City of Philadelphia c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department :

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Claims Unit, One Parkway Building
1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor
Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595
     and
POLICE OFFICER SERGEANT JOSEPH McCLOSKEY:
BADGE NUMBER 331
Individually and as a police officer
for the City of Philadelphia
c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department :
Claims Unit, One Parkway Building
1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor
Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595
     and
POLICE OFFICER JOHN WALKER
BADGE NUMBER PRESENTLY UNKNOWN
Individually and as a police officer
for the City of Philadelphia
c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department :
Claims Unit, One Parkway Building :
1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor
Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595
      and
POLICE OFFICER JOHN DOES 1 - 25
BADGE NUMBERS PRESENTLY UNKNOWN
Individually and as a police officer
for the City of Philadelphia
c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department :
Claims Unit, One Parkway Building :
1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor
Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595
     and
POLICE OFFICER JANE DOES 1 - 25
BADGE NUMBER PRESENTLY UNKNOWN
Individually and as a police officer
for the City of Philadelphia
c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department :
Claims Unit, One Parkway Building
1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor
Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595
     and
CITY OF PHILADELPHIA
c/o City of Philadelphia Law Department :
Claims Unit, One Parkway Building :
1515 Arch Street, 14th Floor :
Philadelphia, PA 19102-1595 : Attorney I.D. # 26718
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COMPLAINT

Jurisdiction

1. This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

Jurisdiction is based upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343 (1), (3), (4) and the aforementioned statutory provision. Plaintiff further invokes the supplemental jurisdiction of this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) to hear and adjudicate state law claims.

Parties

- 2. Plaintiff, Sherrianne Kinee, is a resident of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and at all times relevant to this action was present in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- 3. Defendant, City of Philadelphia, is a municipality of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and owns, operates, manages, directs and controls the Philadelphia Police Department which employs Defendants, Police Officer Thomas Liciardello, Police Officer John Speiser, Police Officer Perry Betts, Police Officer Michael Spicer, Police Officer Sergeant Gorman, and Police Officer Sergeant Joseph McCloskey.
- 4. Defendant, Police Officer Thomas Liciardello, Badge Number 4383, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 5. Defendant, Police Officer John Speiser, Badge Number 7169, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department

acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.

- 6. Defendant, Police Officer Perry Betts, Badge Number 6761, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 7. Defendant, Police Officer Michael Spicer, Badge Number 5180, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 8. Defendant, Police Officer Sergeant Gorman, Badge Number 8821, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 9. Defendant, Police Officer Sergeant Joseph McCloskey, Badge Number 331, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 10. Defendant, Police Officer John Walker, is a police officer for the City of Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law. He is being sued in his individual and official capacity.
- 11. Defendants, Police Officers John Does 1 through 25, were at all times relevant hereto employed by the City of Philadelphia

as a police officer for the Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law and within the course and scope of their employment with the Philadelphia Police Department. They are being sued in their individual and official capacity.

- 12. Defendants, Police Officers Jane Does 1 through 25, were at all times relevant hereto employed by the City of Philadelphia as a police officer for the Philadelphia Police Department acting under color of state law and within the course and scope of their employment with the Philadelphia Police Department. They are being sued in their individual and official capacity.
- 13. At all relevant times, all Defendants were acting in concert and conspiracy and their actions deprived Sherrianne Kinee of his constitutional and statutory rights.

Factual Allegations

- 14. On or about December 22, 2010 at or about 2:00 p.m., Plaintiff, Sherrianne Kinee, was walking towards a school located at Jasper and Arlene Streets in the City of Philadelphia to pick up her nephew. Without reasonable suspicion, probable cause, or any other legal justification she was seized by Defendant Police Officers Spicer and Betts. One or both demanded that Plaintiff give them her cell phone.
- 15. Plaintiff initially refused to give her cell phone to the Defendant officer but she was told by one of the Defendant officers that she matched the description of someone who had stolen a cell

phone. That statement was false and the Defendant officers knew it was false. Further, they advised her that if she did not immediately turn over her cell phone she would be arrested. At that point, Plaintiff turned over her cell phone, and her cell phone was illegally searched. To this day Defendants' have failed and refused to return Plaintiff's cell phone without legal justification.

- 16. Immediately after Plaintiff turned over her cell phone to the Defendant police officers, she was handcuffed, placed in the back of an SUV by one of the Defendant police officers. She was taken to home in the 2900 block of Ruth Street. At this point, Plaintiff had done nothing in violation of any of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and she was seized by the Defendants without reasonable suspicion, probable cause, or any other legal justification.
- 17. When the SUV arrived at a home in the 2900 block of Ruth Street, Plaintiff was pulled out of the SUV by Defendant Betts, Spicer, Speiser, Liciardello, Walker and/or Sergeant Gorman.
- 18. At the point where Plaintiff was placed in handcuffs the Defendant police officers started to verbally abuse her asking "Why is a white girl dealing with these people in this neighborhood." Defendant Liciardello told her that "You must be some kind of nigger lover and you should just kill yourself." Plaintiff asked if she was under arrest and one of the Defendant police officers

laughed at her and stated "Are you stupid."

- 19. After Plaintiff was taken out of the SUV, she was grabbed with great force by Officer Liciardello and pushed violently almost knocking her to the ground, despite the fact that she was not in anyway resisting Defendant Liciardello or any of the other police officers.
- 20. Plaintiff was brought into the house located in the 2900 block of Jasper Street where she was confronted by Defendants Spicer, Speiser, Betts, Liciardello and Walker. All of the Defendants began to scream at her demanding to know "Where is the money. You better f___ing show us where the money is." She was also threatened by the Defendants but if she did not show them where "the money" was they would call DHS and have her daughter taken away from her. Plaintiff, who had committed no crime and had never been arrested before, began to cry and explain that she did not live in that house and had no knowledge or the whereabouts of any money.
- 21. After several minutes she was grabbed by Defendant Betts and taken to another house across the street, still in handcuffs. Shortly thereafter, Defendants Speiser and Liciardello also came to that house and began to scream at Plaintiff and threatened her demanding to know where the money was. Defendant Liciardello repeatedly called her a "nigger lover." Defendant Betts repeatedly called her a "stupid lying bitch."

- 22. Plaintiff was taken to the 24th District Police Station where she was charged with manufacturing/delivering/possession with the intent to deliver, a felony, criminal conspiracy, a felony, and possession of a controlled substance. She was later transported to the Police Detention Unit where she was held on \$25,000.00 bail for approximately 48 hours before she was finally released after being able to post bail.
- 23. The Defendant officers all gave false statements concerning the incident described in this complaint. All Defendant officers prepared and/or caused to be prepared police paperwork misrepresenting the events that lead to the arrest of the Plaintiff for the incident described in this complaint. Those misrepresentations included, but were not limited to:
 - a. Plaintiff was observed obtaining narcotics from a blue vehicle and handing them to a young black male who then in turn sold some of the narcotics to Defendant Police Officer Spicer.
 - b. Plaintiff was found in a home where narcotics were recovered.
- 24. The Defendant police officers were aware of exculpatory information about the Plaintiff which they willfully refused to turn over to the District Attorney's Office.
- 25. The Defendant officers failed to provide exculpatory information known to them to Plaintiff or her criminal counsel via

police paperwork or any other means after her arrest.

- 26. The exculpatory information known to police that was not provided to the Plaintiff included the real facts and circumstances concerning her arrest.
- 27. The Defendant officers, in anticipation of the charging of the Plaintiff, willfully misrepresented the events that led to the arrest of the Plaintiff. These misrepresentations were intentional, malicious, in bad faith, recklessly indifferent and deliberately indifferent to the right of the Plaintiff.
- 28. Plaintiff had to obtain private criminal counsel to represent her and had to expend various sums of money in order to mount a defense against the false and malicious charges.
- 29. In a letter dated Defendant 3, 2012, the District Attorney of Philadelphia, Seth Williams, announced that in an exercise of "prosecutorial discretion," his office:
 - a. would no longer call some or all of the Defendant officers as witnesses in narcotics cases;
 - b. would no longer approve narcotics cases for charging in which some and/or all of the Defendant officers were a necessary witness; and
 - c. would no longer approve any search or arrest warrants in narcotics cases where some and/or all of the Defendant officers were the affiant.
 - 30. This decision rested on knowledge that some and/or all of

the Defendant officers in this matter had engaged in conduct raising questions about their integrity and law-abidingness while on duty.

- 31. At the time of this incident, and for some years before, law enforcement at the highest levels knew of integrity, corruption, and civil rights violation issues involving some and/or all of the Defendant officers. Federal agents and federal prosecutors knew. The current Philadelphia Police Commission, his predecessors, and some of his subordinates knew. Former District Attorney Lynn Abraham and some of her subordinates, as well as her successor in office knew. The basis of this knowledge was information from multiple sources including, but not limited to, federal investigations, internal investigations, questions raised by state and federal prosecutors, and other sources.
- 32. As a result of District Attorney Williams' decision, all charges against Plaintiff were dismissed on December 11, 2012.
- 33. As a direct and proximate result of the Defendants' actions, Plaintiff, Sherrianne Kinee, was deprived of rights, privileges and immunities under the Fourth, fifth, Sixth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and, in particular, the right to be free from excessive force, the right to be free from unlawful arrest, the right to be free from unjustified searches, the right to be free from malicious prosecution, and the right to due process of law. Plaintiff was similarly deprived of

the right not to be the victim of conspiracies of state actors to violate the aforementioned clearly established rights.

- 34. The actions and/or inactions of the Defendants violated the clearly established federal constitutional rights of the Plaintiff to freedom from use of excessive, unreasonable, and unjustified force against their person, the right to be free from malicious prosecution, and the right to due process of law.
- 35. The actions taken by the Defendants in this matter were taken under color of state law. Those actions are not limited to the aforementioned conduct.
- 36. As a direct and proximate result of the actions and/or inactions of the Defendants in this matter, Plaintiff has lost employment opportunity, suffered physical pain, loss of liberty, anxiety, fear, mental harm, and other financial loss.
- 37. As a direct and proximate result of the actions and/or inactions of the Defendants, Plaintiff was and is deprived of rights, privileges and immunities under the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution as well as parallel provisions of the Pennsylvania Constitution and in particular the right to be free from excessive force, the right to be free from unlawful arrest, the right to be free from unjustified searches, the right to be free from malicious prosecution, and the right to due process of law. Plaintiff was similarly deprived of the right not to be victim of conspiracies of state actors to

violate the aforementioned clearly established rights.

38. The actions and/or inactions of the Defendants violated the clearly established federal and state constitutional rights of the Plaintiff to be free from excessive force, the right to be free from unlawful arrest, the right to be free from unjustified searches, the right to be free from malicious prosecution, and the right to due process of law.

COUNT I

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant Officers Excessive Force

- 39. Paragraphs 1 through 38 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 40. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights while acting under color of law. More specifically, Defendant Officers intentionally acted to cause a harmful and/or offensive contact with Plaintiff's person and such actions were the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.
- 41. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C.

§ 1988.

COUNT II

Supplemental State Law Claim Against Defendant Officers Battery

- 42. Paragraphs 1 through 41 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 43. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above by Defendant Officers in that they intentionally acted to cause a harmful and/or offensive contact with Plaintiff's person and such actions were the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.
- 44. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT III

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant Officers Assault

- 45. Paragraphs 1 through 44 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 46. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights while acting under color of law. More

specifically, Defendant officers intentionally placed Plaintiff in reasonable apprehension of imminent harmful and/or offensive bodily contact, and Defendants' actions were the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.

47. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT IV

Supplemental State Law Claim Against Defendant Officers Assault

- 48. Paragraphs 1 through 47 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 49. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above by Defendant Officers in that they intentionally placed Plaintiff in reasonable apprehension of imminent harmful and/or offensive bodily contact, and Defendants' actions were the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.
- 50. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and

just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT V

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant Officers Unlawful Arrest

- 51. Paragraphs 1 through 50 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 52. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights while acting under color of law. More specifically, Defendant officers acted with the intent to arrest Plaintiff unlawfully, without probable cause, and against Plaintiff's will, and such actions were the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiff's confinement.
- 53. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT VI

Supplemental State Law Claim Against Defendant Officers False Imprisonment

54. Paragraphs 1 through 53 are incorporated herein by

reference as though fully set forth.

- 55. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above by
 Defendant officers in that they acted with the intent to confine
 Plaintiff unlawfully and against Plaintiff's will, and such actions
 were the actual and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.
- 56. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT VII

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant Officers Unjustified Search

- 57. Paragraphs 1 through 56 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 58. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights while acting under color of law. More specifically, Defendant officers demanded Plaintiff hand over her cell phone to them to be searched or be arrested. Plaintiff had a reasonable expectation of property without probable cause or a warrant issued at the proper time, or without an exception to the

warrant requirement, and such action was the direct and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.

59. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT VIII

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant Officers Malicious Prosecution

- 60. Paragraphs 1 through 59 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 61. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights while acting under color of law. More specifically, Defendant officers seized and arrested Plaintiff, and instituted criminal proceedings against Plaintiff without probable cause and with malice. These proceedings terminated in favor of the Plaintiff. Defendants' conduct was the direct and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.
- 62. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant Officers in the amount of all damages,

including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT IX

Supplemental State Law Claim Against Defendant Officers Malicious Prosecution

- 63. Paragraphs 1 through 62 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 64. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above by
 Defendant officers in that they instituted criminal proceedings
 against Plaintiff without probable cause and with malice and where
 such proceedings were terminated in favor of the Plaintiff.
- 65. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT X

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant Officers Conspiracy

66. Paragraphs 1 through 65 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.

- 67. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights while acting under color of law. More specifically, Defendant officers, acting in concert and conspiracy, committed acts in violation of the Plaintiff's constitutional rights and against the laws of Pennsylvania. The Defendant officers acted in conspiracy to violate the Plaintiff's constitutional rights as stated in the above paragraphs, and made statements among themselves and others in order to conceal their unlawful and unconstitutional conduct. Such actions were the direct and proximate cause of Plaintiff's harm.
- 68. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT XI

Supplemental State Law Against Defendant Officers Conspiracy

- 69. Paragraphs 1 through 68 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
 - 70. Defendant officers acting in concert and conspiracy,

committed acts in violation of the Plaintiff's constitutional rights and against the laws of Pennsylvania. The Defendant officers made statements among themselves and others in order to conceal their unlawful and unconstitutional conduct.

71. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT XII

Supplemental Claim of Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress Against All Defendant Officers

- 72. Paragraphs 1 through 71 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 73. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above by Defendant officers in that they intentionally and/or recklessly caused Plaintiff severe emotional distress by their extreme and outrageous conduct.
- 74. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C.

§ 1988.

COUNT XIII

Supplemental Claim of Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress Against All Defendant Officers

- 75. Paragraphs 1 through 74 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 76. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above by Defendant officers in that they negligently caused Plaintiff severe emotional distress by their extreme and outrageous conduct and where Plaintiff's emotional distress resulted in the manifestation of physical symptoms.
- 77. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT XIV

42 U.S.C. § 1983 Against Defendant City of Philadelphia

- 78. Paragraphs 1 through 77 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 79. Plaintiff was damaged and injured as set forth above under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by Defendant officers in that they, as described in detail in preceding paragraphs, violated Plaintiff's

constitutional rights while acting under color of law. Prior to July 31, 2012 the City of Philadelphia developed and maintained policies and/or customs exhibiting deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of persons in the City of Philadelphia, which caused the violation of Plaintiff's rights.

- 80. It was the policy and/or custom of the City of Philadelphia to cover-up and avoid detection of improper and illegal police activity, including excessive force, unlawful detention, failure to intervene against other officers' illegal conduct, false imprisonment, assault and battery, and infliction of emotional distress.
- 81. It was the policy and/or custom of the City of Philadelphia to fail sufficiently supervise against, train and/or re-train against, and discipline against illegal police activity, including but not limited to excessive force, unlawful detention, failure to intervene against other officers' illegal conduct, assault and battery, false imprisonment and infliction of emotional distress.
- 82. There has been a longstanding history, which has been extensively documented since the 1980s, of Philadelphia police officers engaging in rampant illegal conduct in narcotics investigations. A non-exhaustive list of such conduct includes:
 - a. In the early 1980s in the "One Squad Scandal," a group of Philadelphia narcotics officers were

- convicted of selling drugs that they had stolen from dealers.
- b. During the decade between 1980-1989 a lieutenant and three officers from another drug unit, the "Five Squad," engaged in conduct including the theft of drugs and over \$280,000.00 that resulted in federal convictions for, inter alia racketeering.
- c. In or around February 1995 Philadelphia Police Officer John Baird and five other members of the 39th Police District were federally prosecuted and ultimately sentenced for violating the rights of, and stealing money from, over 40 Philadelphians. These officers planted drugs on innocent individuals, conducted unreported raids and stole from suspects.
- d. In 1997 federal drug convictions were overturned as a result of a 1998 Internal Affairs finding that narcotics Officer John Boucher was a potentially corrupt police officer.
- e. In the last five years numerous narcotics officers-including, as described supra, some and/or all of the
 Defendant officers in this matter--have engaged in
 conduct causing them to have been removed from the
 narcotics assignments. In the last five years, as
 the result of a series of articles by Philadelphia

Daily News reports known as "Tainted Justice,"
Philadelphia Police Officers Jeffrey Cujdik, Richard
Cujdik, Robert McDonnell, Thomas Tolstoy, Joseph
Bologna, and Thomas Deabler have all be assigned to
either desk duty or non-narcotics related
assignments. Those officers engaged in raids of
small convenience shops in Philadelphia in which they
disabled surveillance systems to hide their conduct,
which included theft of cash and groceries. Jeffrey
Cujdik routinely alleged criminal behavior in search
warrants involving a confidential informant who
subsequently denied having provided information or
services on many of the cases in which Cujdik
affirmed he had.

- 83. It was the policy and/or custom of the City of Philadelphia to inadequately supervise and train its police officers, including the Defendant officers, against a code of silence or "blue code" of officers refusing to intervene against or provide truthful information against constitutional violations and other unlawful misconduct committed by their fellow officers.
- 84. As a result of the above described policies and customs and/or the lack thereof, police officers of the City of Philadelphia, including the Defendant officers, believed that their actions would not be properly monitored by supervisory officers and

that misconduct would not be investigated or sanctioned, but would be tolerated.

85. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

COUNT XV

Supplemental Claim of Negligent Hiring, Retention, and Supervision against Defendant City of Philadelphia

- 86. Paragraphs 1 through 85 are incorporated herein by reference as though fully set forth.
- 87. Defendant City of Philadelphia failed to exercise reasonable care in the hiring, retention, and supervision of the Defendant police officers with such failure being the direct and proximate cause of Plaintiff's injuries.
- 88. As a result of the above actions, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendant officers in the amount of all damages, including compensatory damages and punitive damages, plus interest, injunctive relief, such other relief as appears reasonable and just, as well as reasonable attorney fees and costs under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

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Ву

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